

PC+ABS – Polycarbonate + Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene

Facts:

PC+ABS, Polycarbonate + Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene is available in a range of engineering-grade blends that provide better mechanical performance than ABS and greater processing ease than PC. They have good aesthetics, being available in many colours and finishes and are reasonably easy to paint.

PC+ABS offers combined properties of PC and ABS. The blend exhibits excellent flow characteristics and ease of processing common to ABS with excellent mechanical properties and impact and heat resistance of polycarbonate. The ratio of the two components affects the heat resistance and flow.

Applications:

Widely used in automobile instrument panels, wheel covers. Computer and business machine housings, electrical applications, cellular phones, lawn and garden equipment.

Limitations:

- Poor weathering resistance
- Requires painting for outdoor applications
- Moderate chemical resistance

PULSE™ A35-105

Styron LLC - PC/ABS Engineering Resin

Wednesday, January 15, 2014

General Information

Product Description

PULSE A35-105 engineering resins give exceptional impact strength even at low temperatures and have a high heat distortion temperature.

Applications:

PULSE A35-105 is used in a wide range of applications where a balance of low temperature toughness, high heat distortion, and easy processing are required. Some examples are automotive instrument panels, automotive interior/exterior trim, small appliance and electrical applications.

General

Material Status	• Commercial: Active		
Availability	• Asia Pacific	• Europe	
Automotive Specifications	• FORD WSK-M4D684-A2 • OPEL QK 002412	• OPEL QK 002422 • PSA Peugeot-Citroën SPA X62 2107	
Forms	• Pellets		
Processing Method	• Extrusion	• Injection Molding	

ASTM & ISO Properties ¹

Physical	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method
Density	1.12	g/cm ³	ISO 1183/A
Melt Mass-Flow Rate (MFR)			ASTM D1238
230°C/3.8 kg	3.0	g/10 min	
250°C/5.0 kg	12	g/10 min	
260°C/5.0 kg	17	g/10 min	
Molding Shrinkage - Flow	0.30 to 0.70	%	ASTM D955
Water Absorption (Equilibrium, 23°C, 50% RH)	0.20 to 0.60	%	ISO 62
Mechanical	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method
Tensile Modulus	2200	MPa	ISO 527-2
Tensile Stress (Yield)	52.0	MPa	ISO 527-2/5
Tensile Stress (Break)	50.0	MPa	ISO 527-2/5
Tensile Strain (Break)	> 80	%	ISO 527-2/5
Flexural Modulus	2100	MPa	ISO 178
Flexural Strength	82.0	MPa	ISO 178
Impact	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method
Charpy Notched Impact Strength			ISO 179/1eA
-30°C	45	kJ/m ²	
23°C	50	kJ/m ²	
Hardness	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method
Ball Indentation Hardness	105	MPa	DIN 53459
Thermal	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method
Heat Deflection Temperature (0.45 MPa, Unannealed)	126	°C	ISO 75-2/B
Heat Deflection Temperature (1.8 MPa, Unannealed)	105	°C	ISO 75-2/A
Vicat Softening Temperature			
--	142	°C	ISO 306/A120
--	122	°C	ISO 306/B50
CLTE - Flow (0 to 80°C)	0.000075 to 0.000080	cm/cm/°C	ASTM D696
Thermal Conductivity	0.20	W/m/K	ASTM C177
Flammability	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method
Flame Rating ² (1.60 mm)	HB		Internal Method

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Flammability	Nominal Value	Unit	Test Method
Oxygen Index ²	20	%	ASTM D2863

Processing Information

Injection	Nominal Value	Unit
Processing (Melt) Temp	260 to 290	°C
Mold Temperature	70.0 to 90.0	°C

Notes

¹ Typical properties: these are not to be construed as specifications.

² This rating not intended to reflect hazards presented by this or any other material under actual fire conditions.